

# Community Cash Grocery Co.

81-83-85-87 Franklin Street

"THE STORE OF PROGRESS"

No, not all the public—but more than 750 heads of homes have solved the problem for themselves so far as the purchase of Meats and Groceries are concerned. Their names are on our list of permanent customers. They watch our advertisements as they appear in this and other papers. They are not the ones who are selling their Liberty Bonds—they don't have to sell them. Why? Because they are economical and trade here.

## OUR MEAT DEPARTMENT

Native Milk Fed Chicken sto Roast, very fancy, 4 to 6 lb. average, value 65c lb.—Selling for 55c lb.  
Young Native Milk Fed Fowl, 4 to 5 lb. average, value 60c lb.—Selling This Sale for 49c lb.  
**LAMB IS LOWER.**  
Legs of Genuine Spring Lamb, value 55c lb.—Selling This Sale for 39c lb.  
Lamb for Stewing, 10 to 25c lb, 40c value.  
Forequarters of Spring Lamb, 31c lb, 45c value—Try one boned and rolled.  
Native Milk Fed Veal to Roast (Not Western), value 50c lb.—Selling for 38c lb.  
Native Fresh Pork to Roast, value 50c lb.—Sale 38c lb.  
Native Little Pig Fresh Shoulders, 25c lb., value 45c lb.  
Prime Rib Roast of Beef 38c lb., value 55c lb.  
Pot Roast of Beef, no bone, no waste, extra fine and very tender, 38c lb., value 45c lb.  
Sugar Cured Corned Beef, (Rib), cut from the finest heavy Steer Beef, 6 lbs. for \$1.00, cabbage free.  
Sugar Cured Smoked Shoulders, value 40c lb., Fresh from the Smokehouse—small, meaty and lean—Selling This Sale for 28c lb.  
The very best Frankfurters 20c lb., value 35c lb.  
5 barrels of Sugar Cured Skinned Hams, cut from Native Young Pigs, whole or half, value 50c lb.—Selling This Sale for 30c lb.  
We have fresh Ox Tails, Sweet Breads, Lamb Fries and Fresh Native Calves Liver.

## OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT

Coffee, value 60c lb.—Sale 2 lbs. for \$1.10, 1 lb. of Sugar Free.  
Teas, black or green, value 95c lb.—This Sale 2 lbs. for \$1.50, 1 lb. of Sugar Free.  
Tomatoes, value 18c can—This Sale 6 cans for \$1.00 1 lb. of Sugar Free.  
Maine Sugar Corn, value 25c can—Sale \$2.50 dozen, 2 lbs. of Sugar Free.  
Soap, 20 bars for \$1.00.  
Prunes 40c lb., 3 lbs. for \$1.10, 1 lb. of Sugar Free.  
Swift's Pure Leaf Lard, 4 lbs for \$1.00, value \$1.40  
Crisco, value 45c—This Sale 39c.  
Golden Haddie, value 40c can—This Sale 3 for \$1.00, 1 lb. of Sugar Free.  
Fresh Milk every day, 11c quart.  
**FLOUR—FLOUR**  
Ceresota, 1-8 sack, \$2.10, value \$2.50 sack, \$16.00 a barrel.  
Snow Flake, 1-8 sack, \$1.74 value \$2.25.  
All Soup, value 15c can—Sale Price \$1.44 dozen.  
Fresh Eggs, large brown Eggs 60c dozen—some bargain.  
**CHEESE SALE**  
Full Cream, value 48c lb.—Sale Price 35c lb.  
Evaporated Milk, tall cans, value 20c can—Selling This Sale for \$2.00 doz., 1 lb. of Sugar Free.  
Warner's Egg Noodles, value 15c package—Sale \$1.40 dozen, 1 lb. of Sugar and 40 Stamps Free.  
Canned Peas, value 25c can—Sale \$2.60 dozen, 2 lbs. of Sugar and 40 Stamps Free.

Kindly leave, mail or phone your order early today, so to enable prompt and early delivery Saturday morning.

ALL ORDERS \$5.00 OR OVER, WE WILL GIVE DOUBLE TRADING STAMPS.

OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 9 P. M.

JOHN S. CONNELL, Manager.

## GIVES \$6,000 VERDICT FOR CRANEY

A jury verdict for \$6,000 damages and costs, \$500 more than was awarded him on a previous trial, was given for John P. Craney of this city Thursday morning in the superior court at New London in Mr. Craney's suit against John Donovan of this city for \$20,000 damages for libel and slander. Judge John P. Kellogg gave his charge to the jury when court opened Thursday morning at 10 o'clock. He occupied about an hour and the case went to the jury at 11:15. They brought in the verdict for the plaintiff a few minutes after 12.

## "SYRUP OF FIGS" CHILD'S LAXATIVE

LOOK AT TONGUE! REMOVE POISONS FROM STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS



Accept no substitute. Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

## GIRLS! DRAW A MOIST CLOTH THROUGH HAIR

Let "Danderine" save your hair and double its beauty



Oh, girls, such an abundance of thick, heavy, invigorated hair, a perfect mass of wavy, silky hair, gloriously fluffy, bright and so easy to manage. Just moisten a cloth with a little "Danderine" and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; this magically removes all dirt, excess oil and grease, but your hair is not left brittle, dry, stringy or faded, but charmingly soft, with glossy, golden gleams and tender lights. The youthful glints, tints and color are again in your hair.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

**BIDS WANTED**  
Bids will be received until 6 o'clock p. m., March 31, 1920, for the construction of sewer extensions within the limits of the Borough of Danielson, Town of Killingly, Conn., as follows: 300 feet in Franklin street; 800 feet in North street from the intersection of Joyce and North streets; Wheatley street, and 450 feet in Wheatley street to Morin avenue from the intersection of Wheatley and North streets. Plans may be seen at the office of the Clerk of the Borough of Danielson. Address all bids to the Sewer Committee, Borough of Danielson, Danielson, Conn. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CLAYTON W. ATWOOD, D. E. JETTE, Sewer Committee.

Dated at Danielson, this 13th day of March, 1920.

**AT A COURT OF PROBATE HELD** at Norwich, within and for the District of Norwich, on the 11th day of March, A. D. 1920.

Present: NELSON J. AYLING, Judge. Estate of Anna Rosina Schwenk, late of Norwich, in said District, deceased. Joseph Schwenk, Com., as follows: appeared in Court and filed a petition praying for the reasons therein set forth, that administration be granted upon the estate of said deceased, alleged to be intestate.

Whereupon, It is Ordered, That said petition be heard and determined at the Probate Court Room in the City of Norwich, in said District, on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1920, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and that notice of the pendency of said petition, and of said hearing thereon, be given by the publication of this order one time in some newspaper having a circulation in said District, at least three days prior to the date of said hearing, and that return be made to this Court.

NELSON J. AYLING, Judge.

The above and foregoing is a true copy of record.

Attest: HELEN M. DRESCHER, Clerk.

peal to the supreme court was taken by the defendant's attorneys on the grounds that the trial judge in the superior court had erred in his charge to the jury.

The supreme court sustained the appeal and ordered a new trial which was the one conducted Thursday and in which Mr. Craney's attorneys have been Roderick M. Douglass and Joseph T. Fanning. According to the general understanding among the interested attorneys and others of the legal profession, the size of the first verdict was a moving cause with the supreme court in ordering a new trial after the \$5,500 verdict had been rendered.

This was the largest verdict for slander ever rendered in this state, but the question of whether it was excessive or not did not come before the supreme court as the appeal was not taken on that claim.

It is possible an appeal for the trial judge or the supreme court to scale down a verdict if the judge or the supreme court considers it excessive.

What Mr. Craney principally based his suit on centered in allegations made by Mr. Donovan of acts which Donovan claimed he had knowledge of occurring in Mr. Craney's office in the Alice building in July, 1912. The second trial of the case took three weeks and this has taken three court weeks.

Freeman favors military training for all youths (Special to The Bulletin)

Washington, March 11.—Congressman Richard P. Freeman of New London made an argument for universal military training when he spoke this week in a general debate upon the army bill now before congress.

Mr. Freeman spoke as follows: Mr. Chairman: I regret that this bill does not provide for universal military training. It is conceded by all of us that in time of war every able bodied American owes his country the duty of military service. It has been fully demonstrated that armies cannot be raised over night, and that the ordinary citizen without previous military training is absolutely worthless for immediate use as a soldier.

Therefore it follows that in time of peace it is the duty of every capable American to render himself able to perform military service should the emergency ever require it. The more that are ready for immediate military service, the easier will be the task of each individual, the less will be the risk of failure, the more speedy, the more certain the restoration of peace through victory. In the sixth congress there was a sharp difference of opinion over the adoption of conscription. In view of the record there should be none now. The adoption of the minority report of the committee on military affairs was the most just, the most effective, the most far reaching piece of legislation ever enacted by this democratic government of the people.

Whether the pending treaty, with the essential reservations, is finally adopted or rejected, the United States of America has more than ever become a world wide power, with ever increasing responsibility. We are bound to be consulted and we ought to have a voice, and an influential voice, in the determination of problems which may seriously affect our interests. If we attempt to speak without power we run the risk of war or humiliation. If we speak with power our voice will have adequate weight and authority.

Although for several years I have been service in the Connecticut National Guard, and as an enlisted man in the Spanish War, I must confess that I have devoted little time to the study of various plans for a proper military establishment in the United States. But in common with all of you I do know that we live in a great and prosperous country. Through tremendous past sacrifices we today are citizens of a country rich in all things, and in view of our vast resources I have always felt that in time of peace we were not doing enough in the proper way to insure protection to our free institutions, and to our great national wealth, that we were not doing enough to prevent war or to lessen the tremendous waste of our resources in the event of war. I have of course realized that the maintenance of an army of only 25,000 for many years, was a source of great apparent saving, yet in the last two years we have expended billions on billions, we have run a national debt of over twenty-five billions, our young men have suffered hundreds of thousands of casualties, and thousands of our boys now lie under the poppies of the fields of France. Perhaps this awful sacrifice was inevitable. We only know today that under the circumstances that we in this country should prevail this sacrifice has become absolutely necessary and unavoidable. If six years ago we had been prepared for war, if Germany had only known that we were in a few days instead of over a year, we would be able to raise and equip armies of over four million men, that in a few weeks, instead of over a year, we would have been able to land millions of men upon the shores of France, perhaps this world's war might never have been, and this awful waste of millions of lives and billions of dollars might have been all together avoided.

I recall in the reading of Washington's Farewell Address the other day by the gentleman of Illinois these words: "We should always be ready to keep ourselves by suitable establishments on a respectable defensive posture, we may safely trust to temporary alliances for extraordinary emergencies. It is a suitable establishment for defense was deemed necessary for the original states, with four million population, and with limited resources, how much more necessary is a suitable establishment today for the defense of a nation of the world, with a hundred and ten million population, with riches unlimited and incalculable. Our combined military and naval establishments should be built and maintained solely for the purpose of national defense and never for the purpose of foreign aggression. For the purpose of adequate national defense I believe that we should have an 'incomparable' navy. A navy of super-dreadnaughts and battle cruisers, of destroyers and torpedo boats, of submarines and hydroplanes, sufficient to prevent any nation in the world from being able to transport troops across either the Atlantic or the Pacific. If we make our first line of defense of this strength and power we need never maintain a standing army of any great size. The pending bill authorizes a regular 'professional' army of an enlisted strength of 299,000 men. In my opinion we will never obtain in time of peace such an enlisted strength in such an army, and in this democratic republic we never ought to obtain it. I am much interested in a provision in the Wagner bill which provides for an annual reduction of the enlisted strength of the regular army. I am in favor of an annual reduction of 20 per cent, 60,000 discharged at the end of the



FOR THE CHEER OF VISITORS

## —a VICTROLA

Five minutes' discussion of some new music or of some famous operatic aria—or an evening of it. You can provide your guests with the one thing they always want—including the latest song and dance hits—"Mystery," for example (Victor Record 18847)

**\$110 Victrola X**  
\$9 in Records  
Total, \$119  
**\$8 a Month**

**\$130 Victrola XI**  
\$11 in Records  
Total, \$141  
**\$10 a Month**

**\$70 Victrola IX**  
\$6 in Records  
Total, \$76  
**\$6 a Month**

**\$25 Victrola IV**  
\$4 in Records  
Total, \$29  
**\$4 a Month**

All Victor Records—NEW—UNUSED—PERFECT

**VICTOR VICTROLAS AND VICTOR RECORDS**  
*The Plaut-Cadden Co*  
ESTABLISHED 1872  
THE OLDEST ORIGINAL VICTOR DEALERS IN NEW ENGLAND  
*The Store of Victor Service Supreme*  
**Main St. — Norwich, Conn.**  
Hear the New March Records

first year, 50,000 more at the end of the second year, 40,000 at the end of the third year, 50,000 at the end of the fifth year, and so on down until in the regular professional of the fourth year, 25,000 at the end standing army of the United States there shall be 15,000 to 20,000 commissioned officers, and 12,000 to 15,000 sergeants and warrant officers, and practically no privates or corporals. At the same time in the regular temporary army of this republic, in time of peace, there should be always three or four hundred thousand conscripted privates and corporals, enlisted for a period of six months, denying to all of them the privilege of re-enlisting. The youth of our country are compelled to go to school for years without pay, for their own good and for the welfare of society. With merely nominal pay of five dollars a month each one of them should be compelled to serve in the army for only six months at

sometime between eighteen and twenty-one years of age. I believe that this policy could be adopted without any real economic loss to the nation at large. The six months of training in the regular army would never be forgotten, and the lessons of loyalty, of patriotism and of obedience to constitutional authority would turn all of them out better men, better citizens, better equipped in every way to perform the duties of civil life, and would make them more ready and more willing to respond to the call of selective conscription should an emergency arise. In such an army there will be all classes, the rich and the poor, the high and the low, the son of the working man and the son of the millionaire. Only such an army should be the regular army in this democratic government of the people.

A man can find fault if he will, and a woman will find fault if she can.

**SIX UNCONTESTED CASES ON THE DIVORCE LIST**  
The following six uncontested divorce cases are on the list to be heard this (Friday) morning at 9 o'clock sharp in the superior court in New London:  
Frank P. Miner of Groton vs. Elsie Judd Miner of parts unknown; Alice Tubbs Perkins of New London vs. Harold J. Perkins of East Lyme; Mitsel A. Nossek Williams of New London vs. William Williams of New London; Jacob Son of New London vs. Hannah Junne Son, formerly of Blisk, Russia, now of parts unknown; Edward D. Sevigny of New London vs. Irene H. Sevigny of East Lyme; Rosanna M. Smith of Griswold vs. Edward F. Smith of parts unknown.

An Ohio poet devotes an hour daily to writing poetry and the rest of the day to sawing wood for a living.

## ANNOUNCEMENT

Thanking the public for their liberal patronage since our opening in Norwich, we wish to announce that we have been appointed special representatives of the **UNIQUE SHOPS**, of New York

We will specialize in **MEN'S UP-TO-THE-MINUTE CUSTOM MADE SUITS**, at reasonable prices.

A representative from New York will be in attendance at this store Friday and Saturday, with the latest designs and styles of spring suitings.

## UNIQUE SHOP

FORMERLY THE NORWICH ARMY AND NAVY STORE

56-58 FRANKLIN STREET

NORWICH, CONN.